

Exploring the Body's Building Blocks: a Regenerative Medicine Curriculum for 3rd – 8th Grades

of organs

others do not

That cells are

membrane

function

Dictionary

Dictionary



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Abstract

Problem: The lack of formal STEM curricula in elementary and middle schools, along with stem cell biases, stigmas, and paucity of factual information, are some of the impediments that may prevent schools from integrating regenerative medicine fundamentals into educational programs.

Background: Given the current impact of regenerative sciences on biomedicine and healthcare, it is important to involve and engage vounger generations in understanding the fundamental concepts of regenerative medicine.

Hypothesis: By introducing regenerative medicine concepts, in 3rd - 8th grades, students will become more aware and informed about regeneration as measured through the assessment of talking drawings.

Research

The framework for our pilot program is as follows:

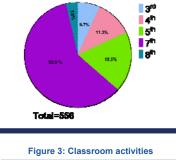
- 1) Recruit elementary and middle school teachers in southeastern Minnesota.
- 2) Write age appropriate curricula in partnership with Mayo Clinic subject matter experts and educators from the local school system.
- 3) Develop teacher feedback forms and student assessments
- 4) Teach students in 3rd 8th grades regenerative medicine concepts in a onetime outreach visit
- 5) Analyze student assessments to measure the knowledge learned from the outreach program.*
- 6) Evaluate the teacher feedback forms for continuous improvement and teacher perceptions.*
- * Analysis and evaluation of the program are currently in progress.



13* teachers from 10 schools participated in the program. 556 students* were reached. Schools with high proportions of students receiving free/reduced lunch were included in the pilot program

*Additional teacher and students from 2 sessions not vet include

Figure 2: School grades represented



Basic concepts Definitions, short videos, lecture

Activities	Sorting game, stem cells in the body, differentiation game, 3D printed heart
Assessments	Talking drawing

A variety of activities are used in the classroom setting to help reinforce the basic concepts

Figure 4: Understanding By Design Template Outreach program framework for grades 3, 5, & 7 Stage 1: Desired Results Established Goals Enduring Understandings: Essential Questions: 3rd: The concept of regeneration 3rd: What is regeneration and how can it 5th: Stem cells are the building blocks help the body heal? 5th: What are examples of organs that car 7th: The basics of regenerative science regenerate? What tools help regenerate including cell differentiation, disease human organs? pplications, and career options 7th: Why do we want our bodies to regenerate? The student will know: The student will be able to: The possibilities of the body's own Next Generation Science Standards ability to heal itself 3-LS1-1: Develop models to describe that What regenerative medicine is organisms have unique and diverse life How regenerative medicine can cycles but all have in common birth. impact their life owth, reproduction, and death. Why some things regenerate and 3-5-ETS1-2: Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the One of the tiny units that are the basic problem. building blocks of living things, that carry on the basic functions of life either MN Academic Standards in Science 3.1.3.2.2: Recognize that the practice of alone or in groups, and that include a science and/or engineering involves nucleus and are surrounded by a many different types of work and engages men and women of all ages and Merriam Webster's Student backgrounds. 3.4.1.1: Living things are diverse with That stem cells are many different characteristics that enable A simple cell that can become a cell (as them to grow, reproduce and survive. a blood cell or skin cell) with a special Merriam Webster's Studen

Stage 2: Assessment Evidence

Performance Task: Student provides drawings of regeneration	Other Evidence: • Oral or written responses to one of the essential questions • Compare a healthy heart versus a heart damaged from infarction • Display of language and concepts learned that weren't previously known through Talking Drawing activity
Stage 3: Learning Plan	
What teaching and learning experiences will equip students to demonstrate the targeted understandings?	
3rd: Watch regeneration in an animal model, learn basic terms, small group	

regeneration sorting activity where students learn about regeneration in the animal kingdom 5th: Introduce differentiation as a concept, basic terms, identify organs where stem cells

have been found, watch beating cardiomyocytes, 3D printing 7th Hands on experience with differentiation, key terms, disease discussion of regenerative targets, videos, 3D printing, facilitator's lab career path



3rd-grade students work in groups to decide what organisms in nature are capable of regeneration.



5th-grade students investigate 3D heart models

Figure 7: Outreach in action



7th-grade students work in groups to understand the process of differentiation

Observations

In the early stages of developing our curricula, we learned that grades 3, 5, and 7 were better suited for this pilot program based on current science education. In these grades, regenerative medicine complements the life science concepts based on state and national academic standards. As a guide to develop our lesson plans, we used the Understanding By Design (UbD) educational planning framework. The curriculum was mapped to Minnesota Academic Standards as well as national Next Generation Science Standards

Students were engaged and participatory throughout the outreach visit, asking thoughtful questions about regenerative medicine. The heart models and 3D printing discussions with the students appeared to be the most engaging topic. Using talking drawings as a tool to understand knowledge gained was difficult for some teachers who wanted to remind, prompt, and coach students into remembering the content covered. Students also had access to electronic devices connected to the internet which may have affected answers.

Conclusions

In this pilot program, we sought to administer 12 sessions of this outreach to approximately 300 students. Teacher registration indicated a high level of interest in an educational program focused on regenerative concepts. To date, we have offered 22 sessions of this program reaching over 550 students.

Students were provided foundational concepts to inspire the future regional and national regenerative medicine workforce. Next up, we will develop a teach-the-teacher course being designed as a more sustainable and larger dissemination vehicle for the curricula designed in this program.

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